

## From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Treasury notes are issued as fast as they can be signed, and readily taken. The Department has no difficulty in meeting promptly all demands upon it.

The House Committee on Military Affairs are preparing a bill which will be shortly reported, conferring the benefits of the Revolutionary Pension laws upon the officers and soldiers, and the widows and children of those who served in the war of 1812 and subsequent Indian wars. This bill, if passed, will take millions of dollars out of the Treasury.

The Fort Snelling investigating committee will meet to-morrow and commence the examination of witnesses. They have subpoenaed already upwards of twenty witnesses. The investigating committee on the eighty-seven thousand dollar transaction will meet to-morrow, when the examination of Stone and Walcott will take place, they having arrived here to-day. The general impression here is that nothing will come of this latter investigation, the parties implicated having carefully and thoroughly covered their tracks.

It is understood that revolutions will soon be made which will establish the connection of another Examiner of the Patent Office with the free negro institutions of this district. This is the third in that Department.

The ball given by Lord Napier, last night, in honor of the marriage of the Princess Royal, was a grand affair. There were about four hundred guests. It was probably the most select and recherche entertainment that has been given in Washington for a long time past. An additional ball-room was built for the occasion. Sixteen hundred cards from residents and visitors living in Washington for the time, and seventy-eight from strangers, had been left at or sent to the British legation, to obtain the honor of an invitation—such was the anxiety to be invited.

The bill reported by Mr. Douglas to-day from the Senate Committee on Territories, declares that Minnesota shall be admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatever. It provides that the State shall be entitled to one representative in Congress, and such additional representatives as the population may show they are entitled to according to the present ratio of representation, leaving the House to ascertain the number when the full returns of the census shall be received, presuming that the residue of the returns will be received by the time the bill shall become a law. So far, the ascertained population is 133,461, with seven counties and part of another to hear from.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—From official reports it appears that the expenses of the Indian war in Washington and Oregon Territories, amount to nearly six millions of dollars—four and a half of which is yet unpaid. The maintenance of the volunteer force in Oregon, not including pay, is about nine hundred and sixty thousand dollars, and for Washington Territory over three millions.

Mr. Douglas' bill, admitting Minnesota, declares that it shall come in without restrictions as to slavery, and provides that she shall be represented in Congress with but one delegate, until after the census of her population is taken.

Brig Perry, now fitting out at the Gosport Navy Yard, is detained for the coast of Brazil.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Senate—Senator Wilson introduced a joint resolution for the appointment of a commission to inquire into the difficulties existing between this government and Utah, to negotiate a settlement of the same. Tabled.

The resolutions of the Ohio Legislature, denouncing the Lecompton Constitution were ordered to be printed.

The bill for the increase of the army was under consideration, to which Senator Gwin moved a substitute, providing for the addition of five new regiments. Substitute defeated and the original bill discussed until the adjournment.

HOUSE.—Resolutions were passed to close the debate on the deficiency bill on Friday.

Hon. R. Davis, of Miss., denounced the free-soilers and abolitionists, and declared that the former were the greatest robbers of the two. The latter were to be pitied, but the former were not entitled to respect, and their sympathy for the rights of the people of Kansas was but a free-soil pretext, and that the South must resist by force.

An excited discussion ensued on slavery, Kansas and Utah, but no action was had.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—SENATE.—Mr. Sillidell, of Louisiana, made a report in effect, that no notes of a denomination less than \$50 should circulate in the District of Columbia, and declaring it inexpedient to charter the banks of issue here, making it a misdemeanor to do so.

Mr. Pearce, of Maryland, defended the course of Com. Paulding.

Mr. Sillidell entirely disapproved of Paulding's course, and hoped that he either had been or would be recalled. He equally disapproved of the motives of the course of Walker. His past career had shown him to be incompetent, either as a statesman or soldier. Mr. Sillidell also submitted an amendment to a bill authorizing the President to suspend the neutrality laws at discretion, and communicating to Congress his reasons therefor.

The Army bill was discussed till adjournment. The House has been nominally engaged on the Printing Deficiency Bill.

Mr. Shaw, of Illinois, and Hickman, of Pa., both Democrats, strongly condemned the Lecompton Constitution, and the attempts of the President to force its adoption.

Mr. Sherman, of New York, (Republican), said that any attempt to force it on an unwilling people would be met with resistance.

Mr. Corning, of Mass., reviewed the financial policy of the administration. The Harbinger resolutions offered by

the Legislature, instructing the Senators from Pennsylvania to resist the admission of Kansas, under the constitution received by the unqualified sanction of the majority of bona fide residents, created much confusion. They were referred to a special committee. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The House of Representatives have just passed Mr. Boyce's resolution for a select committee to inquire into the expediency of gradually abolishing all duties on imports.

The Nicaragua Question. The following resolutions have been introduced into Louisiana Senate, and would probably pass that body:

1. Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, That our geographical and political position with reference to other States of this continent, no less than the interest of our commerce and development of our growing power, require that we should hold as sacred the principles involved in the Monroe doctrine; that we should hold as sacred the principles bearing and import admit of no misconception, of no entangling alliance or treaty partnerships, with transatlantic powers. They should be applied with unbending rigidity, as embodying the only doctrines and policy that can develop the power and greatness of our Republic and secure its influence and supremacy over this continent.

2. Resolved, That we cannot but sympathize with the efforts which are being made to regenerate that portion of Central America which covers the passage of the interoceanic isthmus, and that the recent arrest by Com. Paulding, of Gen. Walker, and his followers, in the territory of the Nicaraguan republic, constitutes a gross and unparalleled outrage on the law of nations and individual liberty, and a disgrace to the name and character of the American people; is a flagrant departure from the spirit and pledges of the Cincinnati resolutions, and reveals a manifest intent or tendency to restrain and stifle the legitimate aspirations of the South, and crush out what may still remain in Southern hearts of spirit and resolution.

3. Resolved, That such acts of palpable usurpation and outrage by Com. Paulding, could not have been influenced by patriotic motives, and should receive prompt rebuke and exemplary punishment by the Government with a reparation of the injuries thus inflicted.

4. Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be communicated to each of the Senators and Representatives of Louisiana in the Congress of United States.

REMARKABLE WORKS OF HUMAN LABOR.—Nineveh was 15 miles long, 8 wide, and 40 miles round, with a wall 100 feet high, and thick enough for three chariots abreast. Babylon was 50 miles within the walls, which were 75 feet thick and 300 feet high, with 100 brazen gates. The temple of Diana, at Ephesus, was 429 feet to the support of the room. It was a hundred years in building. The largest of the pyramids is 481 feet high, and 653 on the sides; its base covers 11 acres. The stones are about 30 feet in length, and the layers are 208. It employed 330,000 men in building. The labyrinth in Egypt contains 300 chambers, and 12 halls, Thebes, in Egypt presents ruins 27 miles round, and 100 gates. Carthage was 23 miles round. Athens was 25 miles round, and contained 359,000 citizens and 400,000 slaves. The temple of Delphos was so rich in donations, that it was plundered of \$600,000, and Nero carried away from it 200 statues. The walls of Rome were 13 miles long.

DUEL PREVENTED.—Mr. C. Jennings Wise, son of Gov. Wise, of Va., came into personal collision last week with R. Ridgway, of the Richmond Whig, who was assailed in his office on account of objectionable charges against the father of the former. Mr. Ridgway sent a letter to Mr. Wise, proposing a duel with pistols, both blindfolded, in a locked up room, the choice of pistols being determined by lot, one to be loaded the other unloaded, the pistols to be placed against each others breast. Mr. Wise declined acceptance of a challenge of so unusual a character, but expressed a willingness to accept a challenge recognized by established usage. It appears, however, that the parties were held to bail in \$3000 each, to prevent further personal hostilities.

THE LATE EARTHQUAKE IN NAPLES.—The latest accounts from Naples give the names of forty-six other townships, hitherto unnamed, which have suffered severely by the late terrible earthquake. Of these, it is said, some are a mass of ruins, others levelled with the ground, others almost entirely destroyed—churches, dwelling houses and all, in some, workmen are pulling down the houses, and in others large fissures are opened in the ground. Out of these forty-six places, twenty are reported to have lost some portion of their population, of one, it is said 100 corpses have been taken out, of another 70, and it is expected that 800 will be found. It is believed that what have been called the exaggerations of the public much more nearly approximate to the truth than the scanty and uncertain information communicated by the official accounts. According to it, 3,655 bodies have already been dug out, a fearful number to think of, to which, if it is added the "molestissimi periti," the number of whom is as yet unknown, we shall not be very much startled at the medium statement given of about thirteen or fourteen thousand victims.

Sea Grandeur. There is a peculiar charm about the sea; it is always the same, yet never monotonous. Mr. Grosse has well observed, that you soon get tired of looking at the loveliest sea, but never at the rolling waves.—The secret perhaps, is, that the field does not seem alive; the sea is life abounding. Profoundly mysterious as the field is, with its countless forms of life, the aspect does not irresistibly and at once coerce the mind to think of subjects so mysterious and so

awful as the aspect of the sea does—it carries with it no ineradicable associations of terror and awe, as are born in every murmur of old ocean, and thus is neither so terrible nor so suggestive. As we look from the cliffs, every wave has its history; every swell keeps up suspense; will it break now, or will it melt into that larger wave? And then the log which floats so aimless on its back, and is now carried under again like a drowning wretch—it is the fragment of some ship, which has struck miles and miles away, far from help and all pity, unseen except of heaven, and no messenger of its agony to earth except this log which floats so buoyantly on the tide? We may weave some such tragic story, as we idly watch the fluctuating advance of the dark log; but whatever we weave, the story will not be wholly tragic, for the beauty and serenity of the scene are sure to assert their influences. O mighty and unfathomable sea! O terrible familiar. O grand and mysterious passion! In thy gentleness thou art terrible when sleep smiles on thy scarcely quiet heaving breast; in thy wrath and thunder thou art beautiful. By the light of rising or of setting suns, in gray dawn or girlish day, in twilight or in sudden storms of darkness ever and everywhere beautiful; the poets have sung of thee, the painters have painted thee—but neither the song of the poet or the cunning of the painter's hand, has more than caught faint relaxes of thy incommunicable grandeur, and loveliness inexpressible.

[Blackwood's Magazine.] "WILLIAM, can you tell me why the sun rises in the east?" Pupil looking dejected—"Don't know, sir, 'cept it be that east makes everything rise."

A COTEMPORARY, speaking of the report on gentlemen's fashion, says: There is not much change in gentleman's pants this month." Very likely.

Consignees at Anderson Depot, FOR WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 2.

Gunn & Bruce, W. T. Wright, Sullivan & S. J. N. Whitner, W. Sherard, Blue R. Railroad, A. S. Stephens, J. S. Murray, T. J. Harrison, H. Gissel, W. S. Sharpe, W. H. D. Gaillard, E. B. Benson & Son, Sholer & S. B. F. Hammond, L. A. Osborne, J. V. Moore, B. Holland, W. L. Love, S. E. W. Brown, J. B. E. Sloan & Co, R. W. Todd, J. M. Henken, H. E. H. Tyler, W. C. Bewley, F. C. Borstell, W. E. Walters, Hitchcock, Hubbard & Co, C. S. Hallman, Mrs P. Adams, Osborne & H. J. Coleman, M. E. Smith, Geo. Seaborn, Benson & J. H. W. Kuhlman, W. M. Martin, J. Maxwell, E. J. Earle, T. W. S. F. K. Rouse & Co, G. Roickel, A. Winters, J. Anderson, R. S. Forcher, M. F. Mitchell, A. P. Calhoun, D. Renno, S. Cook, England, B. & Co, W. Sloan & Son, J. T. Sloan & Co. E. RICE, Agent.

HYMENEAL.

MARRIED, on the 7th ult. by Rev. H. M. Barton, Mr. LEWIS B. GAINES, of Madison County to Miss D. O. OUBENS, of Hart Co. Ga. On the 14th, by the same, Mr. Wm. H. WATKINS, of Franklin Co. to Miss NANCY E. GRUBBS, of Hart Co. Ga. On the 19th ult. by Rev. J. R. Hunnicutt, Mr. MARSHFIELD HOLMES to Miss M. ELIZABETH CAPE, all of Pickens.

Miller and Mantaumaker.

MISS KATE WOODIN having permanently located at Pickens C. H., offers her services to the public in the above business, and respectfully solicits a share of public favor. She may be found at the residence of Dr. GREEN. Feb 3, 1858 29 3

MILLSTONES!

PERHAPS it would not be safe to have a millstone round one's neck in deep water, but for grinding your wheat or corn they are almost indispensable! And, for the accommodation of the public, I am prepared to cut MILLSTONES at the shortest notice. The material is of the very best, and my prices most reasonable. Address me at Glassy Mountain P. O., Pickens district, S. C. ELI WATSON. Feb 2, 1858 29 3

Return-day Notice!

ALL persons indebted to me, either by Note or Account, must make payment before Return day, as I am compelled to have money. J. N. LAWRENCE. Feb 4, 1858 29 3

Court Martial.

A COURT MARTIAL will be held at Wall-halla on Saturday the 20th inst. to try defendants for the 2d Regiment, S. C. Militia. The members of the Court and defendants will attend at 11 o'clock, A. M. By order of Lieut. Col. RODGERS. Feb 5, 1858 29 2

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to E. & E. Alexander for 1856-57, are requested to pay up and save costs. E. & E. ALEXANDER. Jan 14, 1858 26 11

Coroner's Sale.

BY virtue of a f. fa. to me directed, I will sell before the Court House, within the legal hours of sale, on Saturday in March next, 100 acres of land more or less, lying on branches of Little River, adjoining lands of L. N. Robins, B. B. Benson and others, levied on as the property of John Hammett, at the suit of L. G. & W. N. Craig. Terms cash. Feb 5, 1858 29 18

State of South Carolina, IN ORDINARY—CITATIS.

WHEREAS, Robt. A. Thompson, Commissioner in Equity, hath applied to me for letters of administration, upon all and singular the personal estate of Mrs. Mary McKim, deceased, late of the State aforesaid and district of Pickens: The kindred and creditors of said deceased are, therefore, cited to appear before me, at Pickens C. H. on Friday 19th March next, to show cause, if any they can, why said letters should not be granted. Given under my hand and seal, 5th Feb. 1858. W. J. PARSONS, c. p. d.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.

THOSE having demands against the Estate of William Boggs, deceased, will present them legally attested, and those indebted to said Estate must make payment forthwith, as collections will be enforced without respect to persons. Look out! C. M. LAY, J. Adams, G. W. B. BOGGS, Jr.

## Anderson Prices Current.

ANDERSON C. H., Feb. 2, 1858.	
Cotton, per lb.	71 1/2 @ 9 1/2
Salt, per sack.	2 1/2 @ 3 1/2
Coffee, Rio, per lb.	13 @ 14
Sugars brown, per lb.	9 @ 11
crushed and loaf, per lb.	14 @ 18
Molasses, West India, per gallon.	45 @ 50
N. Orleans " "	60 @ 65
Yarn (Ga.) per bunch.	1 20
Shirtings, (heavy) per yard.	13 @ 14
Shirtings, (light) " "	10 @ 11
Iron, common size Swede, per lb.	6 1/2
English, " "	7
Nails, per keg.	6 @ 6 1/2
Oil, Linsed, per gallon.	1 37 @ 1 50
Train, " "	90 @ 1 00
Glass, 8X10 " "	3 @ 3 25
10X12 " "	3 25 @ 3 50
Rice, per lb.	61 @ 7
Flour, per barrel.	5 @ 5 50
Wheat, per bushel.	90 @ 95
Corn, " "	50 @ 55
Bacon, hog round.	10 @ 12
Bagging, Gunny, per yard.	17 @ 15
Ons, per bushel.	25 @ 30
Peas, " "	1 00
Powder, Rifle, per keg.	71 @ 8
There is always to be found a good Stock of Goods, at	
E. B. & Co's.	

## PICKENS ACADEMY.

THE TRUSTEES of the above Institution take pleasure in announcing to the public that their School is now open for the reception of Students, under the supervision of an experienced Teacher, WM. M. HEATH, Esq. Rates of Tuition for the Primary class \$6 00 per session of five months. For Grammar, Geography, Philosophy, Composition, and everything pertaining to an English Education, \$8 per session. For the Languages and the higher branches of Mathematics, \$15 00 per session.

J. E. HAGOOD,  
M. F. MITCHELL,  
Z. C. PULLIAM,  
M. M. NORTON.

Feb 1, 1858 29 tf

## ESTATE NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of Doctor Spencer, deceased, are required to make immediate payment; and those having demands against said Estate, must render them to me, legally attested, on or before Monday 10th day of May next, as on that day a final settlement of said Estate will be made before the Ordinary, at Pickens C. H.

J. M. SPENCER, Adm'r.

Feb 2, 1858 29 3m

## Ordinary's Sale.

BY virtue of an order to me directed by W. J. Parsons, Esq., Ordinary of Pickens District, I will sell to the highest bidder on Saturday in March next, the Real Estate of Asa Carver, deceased, to wit:

ONE TRACT OF LAND, situate in Pickens district, on Conners Creek, waters of Tugalo river, containing Two Hundred and Fifteen Acres more or less, and adjoining lands of John Adair, Wm. Adair and others. Sold for division amongst the heirs at law of said deceased.

TERMS OF SALE.—On a credit of twelve months, with interest from day of sale, except the cost which must be paid in cash. The purchaser to give bond, with good security, to the Ordinary to secure the payment of the purchase money, with a mortgage of the premises if deemed necessary by him. Purchaser to pay extra for taxes.

L. C. CRAIG, s. p. d.

Feb 5, 1858 29

## NOTICE!

I HAVE appointed JOHN H. OSTENDORFF, Esq., of Wallhalla, my General Agent for Pickens District. No orders or receipts will be acknowledged, excepting such as are either signed by him, or by my son HENRY WAGNER.

JOHN A. WAGNER.

Charleston, Jan 1, 1858 28 tf

## SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias to me directed, I will sell before the Court House in Pickens District, within the legal hours, on the first Monday and Tuesday in March next, One tract of land, containing six hundred and fifty acres more or less, lying on east side of Twelve Mile river, known as the saw mill tract, adjoining lands of E. Medden and others, levied on as the property of Green S. Garvin, at the suit of Thomas E. Madden for the use of Carter Clayton and others.

One tract of land, containing one hundred and two acres more or less, lying near Pickensville, adjoining lands of Rufus Oates, R. Balentine and others, levied on, the property of R. W. Folger, at the suits of Larkin Hendricks, Ball, Criss & Co., and others.

All the right, title and interest the defendant has to a tract of land, containing eighty-two acres more or less, whereon the defendant, A. M. Folger now lives, also, one other tract containing one hundred and twenty acres more or less, adjoining lands of J. N. Hawthorn and others, near to Pickensville, levied on as the property of A. M. Folger, at the suits of Roberts & Duncan vs. A. M. Folger, and Ball, Criss & Co. and others vs. A. M. Folger and R. W. Folger.

One tract of land, containing one hundred acres more or less, lying on waters of 12 Mile river, adjoining lands of Dennis Dodd and others, levied on as the property of L. C. Eratt, at the suit of E. B. Benson.

One tract of land whereon the defendant now lives, containing one hundred acres more or less, adjoining lands of Marcus Burrell and others, levied on as the property of J. N. Ridley, at the suit of A. B. Grant.

All the defendant's interest in one tract of land, containing two hundred acres more or less, whereon the defendant lived before his death, adjoining lands of Benj. Hagood, Col. E. Alexander and others, levied on as the property of Enoch Chapman, at the suit of Funt & Robinson and others.

One tract of land, containing one hundred acres more or less, adjoining lands of Fields Mullins, Robert Smith and others, levied on as the property of John H. Tripp, at the suit of Prior Alexander, Adm'r., and Elizabeth Williams, Adm'r.

All the defendant's interest in five hundred acres of land more or less, whereon the defendant now lives, adjoining lands of Sargent Griffin, George Hendricks and others, levied on as the property of Samuel Roper, at the suit of Thomas H. Roberts, survivor.

One bay mare, also one tract of land containing two hundred acres more or less, adjoining lands of B. Peritt, W. H. Anderson and others, levied on as the property of William Wilson, at the suit of the State.

One tract of land, containing two hundred and fifty acres more or less, whereon the defendant now lives, on waters of 12 Mile river, adjoining lands of Alexander Algood, Baylis Stephens and others, levied on as the property of Thomas Dilant, at the suit of Robert Kirksey, Alexander Algood and others.

All the defendant's interest in thirteen hundred acres of land more or less, adjoining lands of Jesse Hall, William Deaton and others, levied on as the property of William Spencer, at the suit of Charles K. Jarratt.

Terms cash; purchasers to pay for papers.

L. C. CRAIG, s. p. d.

Feb 5, 1858 29

## Ordinary's Sale.

BY virtue of an order directed to me by W. J. Parsons, Esq., Ordinary of Pickens District, will be sold to the highest bidder, on Saturday in March next, the Real Estate of Clayton Jenkins, deceased, namely:

TRACT No. 1, lying in Pickens district, on waters of Toxaway Creek, waters of Tugalo River, containing One Hundred Acres more or less, and adjoining lands of R. A. Gilmer, Isaac Standridge and others.

TRACT No. 2, lying on waters of Colonel's Fork, on the road leading from Pickens C. H. to Jarratt's Bridge, containing Seventy-five Acres more or less, and adjoining lands of Dr. J. W. Earle, Thos Jones and others.—Sold for division among the heirs of said deceased.

TERMS OF SALE.—On a credit of one year, with interest, except the costs which must be paid in cash on the day of sale. The purchaser to give bond, with good security, to the Ordinary to secure the payment of the purchase money, with a mortgage of the premises if deemed necessary by him. Purchaser to pay extra for taxes.

L. C. CRAIG, s. p. d.

Feb 5, 1858 29

## COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has associated with himself Mr. J. B. REID in the Mercantile business, which will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of GREEN & REID.

The undersigned tenders his thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, and asks a continuance of the same for the new firm.

Z. W. GREEN.

THE ABOVE CHANGE renders it necessary that my old business should be closed, and those indebted to me prior to the 1st January, instant, will please call and settle immediately.

Z. W. GREEN.

Pickens C. H., Jan. 1, 1858 25-tf

## HIDES AND BARK.

WILL BE BOUGHT AT FAIR PRICES by J. L. N. SMITH.

Tan Yard, Jan 4, 1858 25-tf

## FAIR PLAY ACADEMY.

THIS INSTITUTION will be opened for the reception of Students, on the second Monday in February next, under the charge of Mr. J. A. JOHNS, who is capable of teaching the English language in all its various branches, including Latin, Greek, Mathematics, &c., &c.

Boarding can be had at 50 cts per month at the best of Houses. By order of the

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Fair Play, Jan 15, 1858 27-4

## Bachelor's Retreat Academy.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing Parents and Guardians that he has taken charge of this School for the present year. Tuition from \$10 to \$25. Boarding at the usual prices.

S. H. JOHNS.

Jan 30, 1858 28 3\*

## W. M. HADDEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

AND

Solicitor in Equity,

PICKENS COURT HOUSE, S. C.

Jan 14, 1858 26 tf

## TAXES! TAXES!

I WILL attend at the following times and places for the purpose of receiving Taxes for the year 1857:

On Thursday 18th February at Wm Sanders; " Friday 19th " " Bach Retreat; " Saturday 20th " " Fair Play; " Monday 22d " " Cobb's; " Tuesday 23d " " Wm Fant's; " Wednesday 24th " " Salubrit; " Thursday and Friday, 25th and 26th February, at Pickensville;

" Saturday 27th February, at Trap; " Monday 1st March, at Hester's; " Tuesday 2d " " Mrs Barton's; " Wednesday 3d " " Wolf Creek; " Thursday 4th " " Harpstone; " Saturday 6th " " Grant's Store; " Monday 8th " " Tinned Hill; " Tuesday 9th " " Capt A. Robins; " Wednesday 10th " " Jonas Phillips; " Thursday 11th " " Poole's;

" Friday and Saturday, 12th and 13th, at Wallhalla.

And at Pickens C. H. on Monday and Tuesday of Court, at which time my Books will be closed. Persons failing to make their Returns by that time will be liable to a double tax. Free negroes must pay their taxes during the month of March.

By act of the Legislature, all persons are required, under severe penalties, to return the number of births, marriages and deaths that have occurred in their families; and, also, the number of births and deaths among their negroes.

State tax, same as last year; Road tax, 60 cts; and Poor tax, 10 per cent on the State tax.

According to law, and under the instructions of the Comptroller General, nothing but specie and the bills of the following banks can be taken in payment for taxes, namely: Bank of the State of South Carolina, Commercial Bank of Columbia, Bank of Charleston, Union Bank of Charleston, State Bank of Charleston, Bank of Georgetown, Bank of Camden, Merchants' Bank of Cheraw, and the Bank of Chester.

JOHN W. L. CARRY, t. c.

Jan 20, 1858 27

## JOS. J. NORTON,